

## European Union Civil Society Policy And Turkey A Bridge Too Far Palgrave Studies In European Union Politics

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EESC: a bridge between Europe and organised civil society*Eastern Partnership Civil Society Conference Civil Society Seminar Series: The impact of COVID-19 on the euro area economy* EU Trade Policy explained

Commissioner Didier Reynders - Strengthening the Rule of Law within the European Union*Can the European Union Abandon Social Policy? | Prof Colin Crouch (2015)* **European Union Civil Society Policy** a 'People-2-People' programme supporting visits to EU institutions and exchange of experience, know-how and good practice between local civil society, the EU and civil society in Member States. The aim of the CSF is to support the development of a civil society which is participating actively in the public debate on democracy, human rights, social inclusion and the rule of law, and has the capacity to influence policy and decision making processes.

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### Civil Society | European Neighbourhood Policy And ...

As the European Union (EU) debates its new post-2020 funding instruments, EU civil society support faces a pivotal moment. The union has been fine-tuning this support in recent years and is now contemplating further reforms. Civil society around the world is undergoing far-reaching changes as new types of informal activism emerge, governments try to constrict civic activity, and digital technology has major political implications.

### New Directions for EU Civil Society Support - Carnegie ...

This conference, jointly organised by the German Presidency of the Council of the EU and the European Economic and Social Committee (EESC), will explore the role of European civil society in using digitalisation in a way that enables and drives sustainability to support the European Green Deal and the EU sustainable recovery.

### Digitalisation and sustainability: practical ...

The disclosures reveal that the European Union Agency for Law ... the Collaboration on International ICT Policy for East and Southern Africa (CIPESA), together with 12 civil society organisations from Europe and Africa have submitted a letter to the European Commission calling for urgent reforms to EU aid and cooperation programmes to ensure ...

### Civil Society Groups Denounce the European Union's ...

Research on civil society and the European Union (EU) has become a growth industry and it reflects both a growing presence of organized civil society in EU affairs and rising expectations in the democratic virtues of a European civil society. From the very beginning, a core question has been, if civil society can enhance the democratic quality of the EU.

### Civil Society and the European Union | SpringerLink

"Civil society is widely employed in the literature on democratization as well as in studies on the European Union's efforts to promote democracy. Strong empirical work, however, is often lacking. Özge Zihnioglu's work fills this gap in the important case of Turkey, assessing the efforts of the EU to develop and implement a 'civil society policy.'

### European Union Civil Society Policy and Turkey - A Bridge ...

Catalogue number: QE-04-17-886-EN-N. 66 pages. This publication provides an analysis of the main challenges faced by civil society organisations (CSOs), of the trends and drivers of change and of the future prospects for relations between policy-makers at the national and European level and CSOs. It was developed with the purpose of examining what might await European CSOs in the next 13 years until 2030, what are the main challenges and how these should be tackled.

### The future evolution of civil society in the European ...

Civil society connects local and policy level Political initiatives like the Africa-EU Partnership or the AU-EU Strategy should address all these pertinent issues and propose solutions. But...

### Civil society driving change: Towards a new quality of the ...

"Civil society is widely employed in the literature on democratization as well as in studies on the European Union's efforts to promote democracy. Strong empirical work, however, is often lacking. OEzge Zihnioglu's work fills this gap in the important case of Turkey, assessing the efforts of the EU to develop and implement a 'civil society policy.'

### European Union Civil Society Policy and Turkey : O ...

Home - Civil Society Europe. Civil Society Europe (CSE) brings together 28 European networks of civil society organisations (CSO) working towards regenerating the European project around the shared values of Equality, Solidarity, Inclusiveness and Democracy. Our main objectives: to facilitate and enable horizontal and vertical dialogue between European civil society organisations and policy-makers and help strengthening CSOs in their activities and relations with the institutions.

### Home - Civil Society Europe

A civil society organisation is an organisational structure whose members serve the general interest through a democratic process, and which plays the role of mediator between public authorities and citizens. Article 15 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union recognises civil society's role in the EU's good governance.

### Glossary of summaries - EUR-Lex

Civil Society Civil society and the broader set of non-state actors (NSAs) and Local Authorities (LA) are privileged partners of the EU. Support from the EU for these actors encourages them to work towards better governance and more participatory development, increasingly involving citizens through their specific, often complementary, approaches.

### Civil Society | Capacity4dev - EUROPA - European Union ...

There is hardly any public authority worldwide that has promoted civil society participation and new modes of governance as much as the Commission of the European Union in its joint efforts with the CoR (Committee of the Regions) and the EESC (Economic and Social Committee). These activities have triggered far-reaching institutional reforms and have activated civil society organizations at the subnational and the supranational level alike.

### Civil society and the European Union: From enthusiasm to ...

The EU could also assume a policy of solidarity and permanent support for Cuban independent civil society organisations by creating scholarships and courses for its members, with the aim that this noble struggle could be spread throughout the country in defence of all human rights, and of democratisation.

### The European Union and the True Cuban Civil Society

European Union Civil Society Policy and Turkey. by O. Zihnioglu. Palgrave Studies in European Union Politics . Thanks for Sharing! You submitted the following rating and review. We'll publish them on our site once we've reviewed them.

### European Union Civil Society Policy and Turkey eBook by O ...

The European Union has committed to move from financing to supporting civil society in Eastern Partnership countries. That commitment is reflected in the deliverables associated to the Eastern Partnership agenda.

### EN ANNEX 1 - European Commission

Civil society Support for human rights systems and defenders Civil society organisations play a critical role in democracies, and the importance of their work is widely recognised in international legal and policy documents. However, they face many obstacles when it comes to their day-to-day work.

### Civil society space: views of organisations | European ...

The European Union has influence over a very wide range of policy areas. In economic policy, it has sole responsible for the Euro, external trade negotiations, overseeing the single market, competition policy and the EU budget. It also operates various funds, including the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) and the Common Fisheries Policy (CFP).

### Civitas: Institute for the Study of Civil Society Overview ...

Civil society dialogue meeting on trade policy review, 14/07/2020 Organisations that have registered to participate in this meeting. Participant from ACT Alliance Advocacy to the European Union

### Civil Society Dialogue on the EU Trade Policy Review ...

EU Support to Civil Society EU support to civil society is an important priority of financial assistance to Turkey. A dynamic civil society is one where citizens can freely associate and engage in civic action. This way they can help shape government policy and make sure that the voices of people are heard.

This volume focuses on the role of organised civil society in European public policies. The contributions discuss the role of public pressure groups and their relations with organised business and institutional actors. They consider the role of interest groups towards providing the EU policy process with both input legitimacy (the ability of wider civil society to participate in EU decision-making and the consequential legitimacy which could arise from it) and output legitimacy (the effectiveness of the results of EU decision-making and the corresponding legitimacy which arises). The contributors examine the context of interest representation in EU institutions, reviewing the operating modalities, functions and opportunities of EU lobbies and public interest groups in several policy areas. These include environmental policy and the impact of environmental social movements and anti-racist policy in the broader context of anti-discrimination policy. Also examined are the territorial dimensions of EU policy and the related debate on social capital and the contributions of different policies to its formation and maintenance. Several contributions suggest that policy-making emerges from a fragmented coalition of NGOs, politicians and civil servants operating in connected but distinct regulative environments. Various conceptions of the scope and content of policies are debated in a context which involves different actors and their changing definitions of goals. Altogether these conceptions give identity and professionalism to the relevant policy network, but in a fragmented and contested fashion. The volume relates to the interests of policy analysts, political sociologists and political philosophers interested in issues of legitimacy and representation in the European Union.

Adherence to basic human rights norms has become an expected feature of states throughout the world. In Europe, the promotion and protection of human rights through national governments has been enhanced by the diversity of intergovernmental organizations committed to this cause. The latest addition to the continent's rights organizations arrived ten years ago when, based on the EU's Lisbon Treaty, the Fundamental Rights Agency (FRA) was created as a functional institution to highlight and improve human rights within EU member states. In contrast to other regulatory agencies in the EU, the FRA provides a research-based advisory function for EU institutions and legislation and performs a public-diplomacy function in promoting fundamental rights across EU member states. The linking of civil society with internal rights policies has yet produced very little scholarship. Markus Thiel's European Civil Society and Human Rights Advocacy not only fills this vacuum: it also offers a timely analysis in the context of Europe's proliferating human rights challenges, like the current refugee crises and the nationalist responses that geopolitical changes have provoked. European Civil Society and Human Rights Advocacy examines the interaction between the FRA and hundreds of transnational civil society organizations working with and on behalf of vulnerable populations in EU member states and probes the high normative standards of human rights attainment and transnational participatory governance in the EU. Thiel surveys how networking among civil society organizations takes place, to what extent they are able to set the agenda or insert themselves into EU decision-making procedures, and how they are able to exploit the opportunity structure presented by the FRA's institutionalization of a voice for civil society. Thiel draws conclusions for the larger issues of human rights promotion, transnational citizenship, and participatory governance in the region, reflecting broadly and critically on the legitimacy of EU human rights norms through a political sociology perspective.

Explores the EU's relations with civil society organizations in an effort to improve the effectiveness and relevance of its conflict and peace policies.

Over the past two decades, civil society has played a pivotal role in Europe, from the demise of Communist rule to the reunification of Europe, followed by the expansion of the single market to the reconstitution of democracy in the enlarged European Union. European civil society has emerged as a social space between EU governance and the citizens of the member states, populated by non-state agents claiming to represent, speak for or participate on behalf of the most varied social constituencies in EU decision making. This book consolidates European civil society research by re-viewing its conceptual, normative and empirical-analytical foundations. With contributors from political science to sociology to law, it captures the evolving practices of European civil society that stretch across the national (local), the European and the global realm. Developing an analytical framework that highlights the interplay between civil society building and polity building from above as well as from below, within the legal and institutional framework of the EU, they examine whether and how civil society can contribute to making democracy work in normative democratic theoretical perspectives. This book will be of interest to students and scholars of civil society, European politics, political science and sociology.

This volume provides a novel and relational sociological approach to the study of EU civil society. It focuses on the interactions and interrelations between civil society actors and the forms of capital that structure the fields and sub-fields of EU civil society, through new and important empirical studies on organized EU civil society.

Civil Society Organizations (CSOs) can make a vital contribution to public health and health systems, but harnessing their potential is complex in a Europe where government-CSO relations vary so profoundly. This study is intended to outline some of the challenges and assist policy-makers in furthering their understanding of the part CSOs can play in tandem and alongside government. To this end it analyzes existing evidence and draws on a set of seven thematic chapters and six mini case studies. They examine experiences from Austria, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Belgium, Cyprus, Finland, Germany, Malta, the Netherlands, Poland, the Russian Federation, Slovenia, Turkey and the European Union and make use of a single assessment framework to understand the diverse contexts in which CSOs operate. The evidence shows that CSOs are ubiquitous, varied and beneficial, and the topics covered in this study reflect such diversity of aims and means: anti-tobacco advocacy, food banks, refugee health, HIV/AIDS prevention and cure, and social partnership. CSOs make a substantial contribution to public health and health systems with regards to policy development, service delivery and governance. This includes evidence provision, advocacy, mobilization, consensus building, provision of medical services and of services related to the social determinants of health, standard setting, self-regulation and fostering social partnership. However, in order to engage successfully with CSOs, governments do need to make use of adequate tools and create contexts conducive to collaboration. To guide policy-makers working with CSOs through such complications, and help avoid some potential pitfalls, the book outlines a practical framework for such collaboration. This suggests identifying key CSOs in a given area; clarifying why there should be engagement with civil society; being realistic as to what CSOs can or will achieve; and an understanding of how CSOs can be helped to deliver.

This book analyzes how international organizations and the European Union engage with civil society to pursue their policy goals. Multi-stakeholder initiatives, private-public partnership, sub-contracting, political alliances, hybrid coalitions, multi-sectoral networks, pluralist co-governance, and indeed foreign policy by proxy are all considered. Bringing together the most advanced scholarship, the book examines trade, environment, development, security, and human rights with reference to both EU and global institutional settings such as the WTO, UN Climate Summits, FAO, IFAD, ICC, UNHRC, UNSC, and at the EU level the DG FISMA, TRADE, CLIMA, DEVCO, HOME and ECHO. The book also studies the use of NGOs in the foreign policy of the EU, USA, and Russia. This changing politics and the polarized debate it has generated are explored in detail.

The crisis of forced displacement is compounded by the politicization of asylum and refugee protection, which have become polarizing issues in many countries in Europe and in the United States. It has animated efforts by pro-refugee civil society groups to engage in advocacy efforts that respond to the securitization of the issue, reframe it as a human rights and humanitarian issue, and bring about policies that are favorable to refugee protection. The contrasting points of view surrounding refugee and asylum policy reveal a fundamental normative difference in what is considered the most appropriate standard of behavior to guide actions and policies in the wake of the European refugee crisis. This normative difference, and the contestation that it entails, represents the starting point for this study of specific strategies of norm-based change. The study focuses on civil society organizations (CSOs) and the deliberate ways they incorporate and use norms in framing and responding to the issue of refugee protection. It seeks to understand and explain how and why pro-refugee advocacy groups choose to use specific norm-based strategies of advocacy in their effort to shift public opinion on the issues of asylum and refugee protection and ultimately bring about policy change.

Drawing on interviews with Civil Society organizations and in conjunction with an examination of EU Civil Society Policy and the legal and institutional environment in Turkey this book examines EU policies on Turkish Civil Society organizations and highlights the significant constraints and limited impacts of these policies.

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